Resources for Tracking Federal COVID-19 Spending

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Congress has responded to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic with supplemental appropriations measures providing relief and assistance to individuals and families, state and local governments, businesses, health care providers, and other entities. For more information, see CRS Report R46474, *Laws Enacted in Response to COVID-19: Resources for Congressional Offices*, by Meredith Sund.

This report provides selected sources for tracking COVID-19 relief and assistance spending. It includes links to and information on government sources detailing spending amounts at various levels, including consolidated spending by multiple government agencies, spending by individual government agencies, and spending to specific recipients and geographies. The sources themselves are large government databases, individual agencies, oversight entities, and selected nongovernmental entities that attempt to repackage information on spending amounts obtained from available government sources.

Due to the continually evolving nature of information provided by sources that track federal COVID-19 spending, this report may be updated frequently.

For a legislative summary of the enacted bills, and a broad discussion of both the discretionary and direct spending measures provided by Congress, see CRS Report R46449, *Tallying Federal Funding for COVID-19: In Brief*, by William L. Painter. For general information on resources for tracking federal funds, see CRS Report R44027, *Tracking Federal Awards: USAspending.gov and Other Data Sources*, by Jennifer Teefy.
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Consolidated Data on COVID-19 Funding

USAspending.gov

USAspending.gov tracks federal contract and grant awards and other federal spending at the state, congressional district, and local levels. As mandated by an Office of Management and Budget memorandum, federal agencies must include specific COVID-19 spending in their reporting for the database. Detailed data for some programs are not fully reported in USAspending.gov, such as the Small Business Administration’s Paycheck Protection Program and the Department of Health and Human Services’ Provider Relief Fund. The database provides a description of known data limitations. Users can view COVID-19 spending data through the following features:

- **COVID-19 Profile Page** provides an overview of the federal funding response to COVID-19. It includes details on total obligations and outlays by agency, federal accounts, and object classes. An interactive map shows obligations and outlays through grants, contracts, loans, and other assistance by state. Users can also see obligations and outlays through different award types by agency and by Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) program.

- **Advanced Search** includes a filter for “Disaster Emergency Fund Code (DEFC).” This filter allows users to search for all COVID-19 spending and also expands to allow further filtering by specific funding bill. The search results table includes columns containing COVID-19 obligations and outlays for each award.

- **Data Lab** is a tool for further exploring COVID-19 spending and provides graphics showing (1) the types of relief the federal government is providing, (2) how funds move from Congress to the public, and (3) data on the amount of funding that has been spent. The third part contains interactive graphs showing the progress of spending by agency under each funding bill, including outlays, obligations, and unobligated funds. Detailed data on funding by agency account can be downloaded into a spreadsheet.

For general information on USAspending.gov, including searching tips, see CRS In Focus IF10231, Tracking Federal Awards in States and Congressional Districts Using USAspending.gov, by Jennifer Teefy.

Pandemic Response Accountability Committee

The Pandemic Response Accountability Committee (PRAC), a federal entity created by the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act; P.L. 116-136), presents COVID-19 funding data from USAspending.gov through a variety of interactive visual displays. The “Track the Money” page features the following:

- **Funding Overview** includes graphics showing funding by category—such as state, local, and tribal governments, higher education, and small businesses—and agency funding by category.

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1 The CARES Act created two additional oversight entities: (1) the Special Inspector General for Pandemic Recovery (SIGPR), which does not appear to have a website but does have a report that is available at https://www.oversight.gov/report/prig/special-inspector-general-pandemic-recovery-initial-report-congress, and (2) the Congressional Oversight Commission, at https://coc.senate.gov/.
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- **Funding Charts and Graphs** include several portals through which to view funding data. The Pandemic Response Funding portal presents obligation and spending data in graphs and tables from various perspectives, including “Where is the money being spent?,” “Who is spending the money?,” and “How is the money being spent?” Users can also filter the data by agency or location (i.e., country, state, county, city, and zip code). The Federal Agency Information portal provides a high-level view of spending by agency. See descriptions of the Coronavirus Relief Fund and Paycheck Protection Program portals in the “State and Local Governments” and “Businesses and Nonprofit Organizations” sections below, respectively.

- **Funding Map** allows users to view award data by geographic area (state, county, congressional district, and zip code), award amount, and by funding type. The map’s zoom tool enables users to focus on data for individual zip codes.

- **Data Exports** tool allows users to filter data by agency, location, type of assistance, or keyword and provides several downloading options by category.

Additional pandemic relief funding was enacted in Divisions M and N of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (P.L. 116-260), which was signed into law on December 27, 2020. PRAC provides a graphic showing the distribution of funds by major category.

PRAC’s website is integrated with the Council of the Inspectors General on Integrity and Efficiency’s website, the federal inspector general community’s oversight and coordination body. For more information, see CRS Insight IN11343, The Pandemic Response Accountability Committee: Organization and Duties, by Ben Wilhelm.

**Government Accountability Office**

Government Accountability Office’s (GAO’s) June 2020 report, COVID-19: Opportunities to Improve Federal Response and Recovery Efforts, includes detailed updates on the allocation of obligated funds within categories such as relief for health care providers, COVID-19 testing, unemployment insurance, housing protections, and education. See Appendix III for allocation information. Another GAO report provides an overview of contracting activity related to COVID-19 and focuses on the agencies that account for most of these obligations. GAO also issued a brief update on the initial federal response to the pandemic, which includes data as of June 30, 2020, on federal funding and spending by broad areas, such as business loan programs, unemployment insurance, and economic impact payments. A subsequent update provides data on obligations and expenditures in broad categories as of September 30, 2020.

**COVID-19 Funding by Type of Recipient**

**State and Local Governments**

*Coronavirus Relief Fund*

The Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF) provides $150 billion in direct assistance to state, territorial, local, and tribal governments based on population. See CRS Report R46298, The Coronavirus Relief Fund (CARES Act, Title V): Background and State and Local Data, by Grant A. Driessen. For specific allocations to states, see Table 1. Treasury provides CRF interim reports on
• costs incurred by state and local recipients and the District of Columbia and territories through June 30, 2020, and
• costs by category incurred by state and local recipients and the District of Columbia and territories through June 30, 2020.

PRAC’s “Track the Money” page features tools for tracking CRF funding to prime and sub-recipients by state, including an interactive map and filtering options. PRAC also provides information about recipient reporting and data limitations.

Additionally, the National Conference of State Legislatures provides descriptions of and links to state CRF oversight plans and a database detailing state CRF actions.

Unemployment Compensation

Several unemployment relief measures were enacted in response to COVID-19. The Department of Labor’s Employment and Training Administration provides updated data on funding by state through each of these programs.

Municipal Liquidity Facility

The Federal Reserve (Fed) established the Municipal Liquidity Facility to help state and local governments better manage cash flow pressures in order to continue to serve households and businesses in their communities. See more about this and other Fed programs in the next section, “Businesses and Nonprofit Organizations.”

State and local budget offices may also be resources for information related to COVID-19 spending; publicly available information may vary from one jurisdiction to another.

Businesses and Nonprofit Organizations

The Small Business Administration (SBA) periodically publishes reports and data on its programs, including data on approved loans for programs supporting disaster assistance and recovery:

• Economic Injury Disaster Loans (EIDL). SBA provides data on the number and amounts of approved EIDL loans and EIDL Advances (or Emergency EIDL grants) by state.
• Paycheck Protection Program (PPP). SBA provides information on loans of $150,000 and above and on loans of less than $150,000, including borrowers’ names, loan amounts, addresses, and congressional districts. These data are in spreadsheet format and can be downloaded via zip files. Another PPP data source is PRAC’s “Track the Money” page, which features interactive graphics and filtering options for tracking PPP loan data by country, state, county, city, and zip code.

For information on programs supporting small businesses that are administered from other federal agencies, see CRS Insight IN11301, Small Businesses and COVID-19: Relief and Assistance Resources, by Maria Kreiser.

Treasury Department and Federal Reserve programs:

• Treasury’s Payroll Support Program supports passenger air carriers, cargo air carriers, and certain contractors for continuing payment of employee wages,
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salaries, and benefits. Treasury provides data tables on payments to recipients by city and state.

- **Treasury’s Loan Program** provides loans to passenger air carriers, cargo air carriers, and businesses critical to national security. Press releases indicate that loans to major airlines and companies certified to be critical to maintaining national security have been approved. Full transaction details are posted on the Treasury website within 72 hours after a transaction is completed.

- **The Federal Reserve (Fed)** has access to CARES Act funds to provide emergency funding, credit, liquidity, and loans to businesses as well as nonprofit organizations (through the Main Street Lending Program). The Fed’s website includes reporting on these programs and, in some cases, transaction-specific disclosures.


**Individuals**

The CARES Act includes economic impact payments for individuals and families. Treasury and the Internal Revenue Service provide data on these payments by state through periodic statements and announcements; the latest release was on August 28, 2020. See CRS Report R46415, CARES Act (P.L. 116-136) Direct Payments: Resources and Experts, coordinated by Margot L. Crandall-Hollick.

**Grant Awards on Selected Federal Agency Websites**

Several agencies provide information on COVID-19-related grant awards.

- **Department of Health and Human Services** maintains a COVID-19 funding overview website that provides details on COVID-19-related grant awards and allows for filtering by state and city. Each award in the table under the “COVID-19 Award Details For Emergency Supplemental Appropriation Funding” heading is linked to one of the funding bills referenced above. The website also provides state- and city-level funding data for the Provider Relief Fund, Rural Health Clinic (RHC) COVID-19 Testing Fund, and the Uninsured Relief Fund.

- **Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)** released details on obligations to each state as of June 9, 2020, including data on FEMA-coordinated delivery of medical and personal protective equipment. Additionally, FEMA’s COVID-19 news releases include grant award announcements.

- **Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)** provides information on CARES Act funding at the state, county, and city levels for the Community Development Block Grant program, the Emergency Solutions Grants program, and the Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS program. HUD also announced specific allocations to tribal communities and Fair Housing Assistance Program agencies.
• **Department of Justice**’s Office of Justice Programs provides information on awards by state/territory, county, and congressional district. Many of the recent awards include “COVID-19” or “coronavirus” in the title.

• **Department of Labor (DOL)** provides information on approved funding from Disaster Recovery Dislocated Worker Grants, by recipient state agency. DOL’s Employment and Training Administration announces workforce-related grant awards via press releases.

• **Department of Commerce**’s Economic Development Administration posts press releases related to CARES Act assistance.

• **National Science Foundation** identifies COVID-19-related awards in its awards database by searching for the keywords “covid” or “coronavirus.” Filtering by state is available.

### Other Resources

• **Committee for a Responsible Budget**’s COVID Money Tracker features papers, blogs, spreadsheets, data visualizations, and an interactive database for tracking funds.

• **Project on Government Oversight**’s COVID-19 relief spending tracker includes an interactive map showing spending by state, county, and zip code, as well as population breakdowns by race and ethnicity and unemployment rates at each geographic level. Users can also filter data in table format by location, recipient, award type, industry, and program.

• **Rockefeller Institute of Government**’s COVID-19 State Relief Dashboard is an interactive tool for viewing state allocation data for programs such as CRF and PPP.

• **Peter G. Peterson Foundation** tracks funding to each state by major COVID-19 programs, such as economic impact payments, unemployment assistance, and the Paycheck Protection Program.

• **Federal Funds Information for States (FFIS)** is a subscription-only service attempting to track federal funding to states—including funding from the COVID-19 relief bills. Many state governments subscribe to FFIS. Information is limited for nonsubscribers.

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